

# **Assessment against planning controls**

# 1 Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

#### a. Section 79C 'Heads of Consideration'

The development satisfies the matters for consideration under Section 79C of the Act as detailed below.

He	ads of Consideration 79C	Comment	Complies
a.	The provisions of:  (i) Any environmental planning instrument (EPI)	The proposal is considered to be consistent with the relevant EPIs, including BLEP 2015, SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007, SEPP 55 Remediation of Land, SEPP BASIX 2004 and the 10 'design quality principles' of SEPP 65.	Yes
	<ul><li>(ii) Any development control plan (DCP)</li><li>(i) The regulations</li></ul>	The proposed development is a permissible land use within the B4 Mixed Use zone and satisfies the zone objectives outlined under BLEP 2015. The applicant has submitted a request to vary the height of building development standard pursuant to Clause 4.6. The height control is varied by up to 4 m.	
		The Blacktown DCP applies to the site. The proposed development is compliant with the numerical controls established under the DCP, where an ADG control does not apply.	
b.	The likely impacts of the development, including environmental impacts on both the natural and built environments, and social and economic impacts on the locality	It is considered that the likely impacts of the development, including traffic, noise, parking and access, design, bulk and scale, overshadowing, privacy, waste management and stormwater management have been satisfactorily addressed.  A site analysis was undertaken to ensure that the proposed development will have minimal impacts on	Yes
		surrounding properties.  In view of the above it is believed that the proposed development will not have any adverse social, economic or environmental impacts.	
C.	The suitability of the site for the development	The subject site is zoned B4 Mixed Use with a 56 m building height limit under BLEP 2015. Shop top housing is permissible on the site with development consent.	Yes
		The site has an area and configuration that is suited to this form of development. The design solution is based on sound site analysis and responds positively to the different types of land uses adjoining the site. The site is located within close proximity to the Blacktown train station, Blacktown bus interchange and Blacktown CBD. The site is also located near services, facilities and a major arterial road network, making it suitable for higher residential densities.	



Heads of Consideration 79C		Comment	Complies
d.	Any submissions made in accordance with this Act, or the regulations	No submissions were received from notification of the DA.	Yes
e.	The public interest	It is considered that no adverse matters relating to the public interest arise from the proposal. The proposal provides high quality housing stock and provides for a wider range of housing diversity within the Blacktown City area.	Yes

# 2 State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011

The Sydney Planning Panel (SPP) is the consent authority for all development with a capital investment value (CIV) of over \$20 million. As the DA has a CIV of \$85.096 million, Council is responsible for the assessment of the DA and determination of the application is to be made by the SPP.

## 3 State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

The SEPP ensures that Roads and Maritime Services (RMS) is given the opportunity to comment on development nominated as 'traffic generating development' under Schedule 3 of the SEPP. The development was referred to RMS, who found the development acceptable, subject to conditions of consent.

## 4 State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 – Remediation of Land

SEPP 55 aims to 'provide a State wide planning approach to the remediation of contaminated land'. Clause 7 requires a consent authority to consider whether the land is contaminated and if it is suitable or can be remediated to be made suitable for the proposed development, prior to granting of a development consent.

As part of the DA, the site is an existing commercial premises, land contamination is not likely. To ensure these works are undertaken prior to the release of a construction certificate on the site for the proposed residential flat building, suitable **conditions** will be imposed. The conditions will require the validation to ensure that the site is made suitable for residential development without any limitations under the NEPM 2013 guidelines.

# 5 State Environmental Planning Policy No. 65 – Design Quality of Residential Flat Development

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 65 (SEPP 65) – *Design Quality of Residential Flat Development* applies to the assessment of development applications for residential flat buildings 3 or more storeys in height and containing at least 4 dwellings.

*i* Clause 28 Determination of development applications

Clause 28 of SEPP 65 requires a consent authority to take into consideration:

- (a) The advice (if any) obtained from the design review panel.
- (b) The design quality of the development when evaluated in accordance with the design quality principles.
- (c) The Apartment Design Guide.



Blacktown City Council does not have a design review panel. However, Council's assessing officer's comments in relation to the 9 design quality principles and assessment against the relevant design concepts of the ADG. The development is considered to comply with the 9 design principles and the ADG.

#### **Principle 1: Context and Neighbourhood Character**

#### Control

#### **Town Planning Comment**

Good design responds and contributes to its context. Context is the key natural and built features of an area, their relationship and the character they create when combined. It also includes social, economic, health and environmental conditions.

Responding to context involves identifying the desirable elements of an area's existing or future character. Well-designed buildings respond to and enhance the qualities and identity of the area including the adjacent sites, streetscape and neighbourhood.

The design responds to the context of the site within the Blacktown CBD. The development is generally compliant with the height limit established by the Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015. The development meets the objectives of the B4 Mixed Use zone and contributes to the social and economic diversity of the Blacktown local area through the provision of retail, business and residential apartments. The building responds to the streetscape providing an active street frontage and building setbacks consistent with those envisaged for the CBD.

#### Principle 2: Built Form and Scale

#### Control

#### **Town Planning Comment**

Good design achieves a scale, bulk and height appropriate to the existing or desired future character of the street and surrounding buildings.

Good design also achieves an appropriate built form for a site and the building's purpose in terms of building alignments, proportions, building type, articulation and the manipulation of building elements.

Appropriate built form defines the public domain, contributes to the character of streetscapes and parks, including their views and vistas, and provides internal amenity and outlook.

The design responds to the surrounding context, providing a development generally compliant with the building height and floor space requirements established by the Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015. The shop top housing development responds to the sites location within the CBD. The 3 storey podium is consistent with Council's controls and creation of a suitable streetscape.

#### **Principle 3: Density**

#### Control

# Town Planning Comment

Good design achieves a high level of amenity for residents and each apartment, resulting in a density appropriate to the site and its context.

Appropriate densities are consistent with the area's existing or projected population. Appropriate densities can be sustained by existing or proposed infrastructure, public transport, access to jobs, community facilities and the environment. The development complies with the maximum FSR established for the site under BLEP 2015. The scale of the development being 18 storeys is consistent with the height limit for the area is consistent with the desired density of the area. In addition, the site is located within 400 m from Blacktown train station and is located within the Blacktown CBD. It is therefore considered a suitable density that can be sustained with existing infrastructure.

Council is now proposing to remove the FSR from the CBD controls.



#### **Principle 4: Sustainability**

#### Control

## **Town Planning Comment**

Good design combines positive environmental, social and economic outcomes.

Good sustainable design includes use of natural cross ventilation and sunlight for the amenity and liveability of residents and passive thermal design for ventilation, heating and cooling reducing reliance on technology and operation costs. Other elements include recycling and reuse of materials and waste, use of

sustainable materials and deep soil zones for groundwater recharge and

The design of the development ensures that the development exceeds the minimum design criteria for solar access and natural cross ventilation.

The proposal provides for a mix of dwellings, contributing to the housing diversity within the locality.

The proposal is supported by a BASIX Certificate. The commitments are incorporated into the design of the building. The proposal demonstrates satisfactory levels of sustainability, waste management and efficient use of energy and water resources.

#### Principle 5: Landscape

#### Control

vegetation.

# Good design recognises that together landscape and buildings operate as an integrated and sustainable system, resulting in attractive developments with

resulting in attractive developments with good amenity. A positive image and contextual fit of well-designed developments is achieved by contributing to the landscape character of the streetscape and neighbourhood.

Good landscape design enhances the development's environmental performance by retaining positive natural features which contribute to the local context, co-ordinating water and soil management, solar access, microclimate, tree canopy, habitat values and preserving green networks.

Good landscape design optimises useability, privacy and opportunities for social interaction, equitable access, respect for neighbours' amenity and provides for practical establishment and long term management.

#### **Town Planning Comment**

A Landscape Plan has been submitted with the proposal, which incorporates a variety of planting that contributes to the amenity of the development. Whilst deep soil zones have not been provided throughout the development given the CBD context of the site, planters have been provided to ensure sufficient planting can be achieved.

The landscape design provides for suitable screening to adjoining properties, creates usable spaces for future residents and improves the overall quality of the development.

range of people and providing opportunities for social interaction

among residents.



#### **Principle 6: Amenity** Control **Town Planning Comment** Good design positively influences The design of the proposal is considered to provide a high internal and external amenity for level of amenity through a carefully considered spatial residents and neighbours. Achieving arrangement and layout. good amenity contributes to positive The proposal achieves a suitable level of internal amenity living environments and resident through providing appropriate room dimensions and shapes. wellbeing. access to sunlight, natural ventilation, visual and acoustic Good amenity combines appropriate privacy, storage, indoor and outdoor space, outlook, efficient room dimensions and shapes, access to layouts and service areas. sunlight, natural ventilation, outlook, visual and acoustic privacy, storage, indoor and outdoor space, efficient layouts and service areas and ease of access for all age groups and degrees of mobility. **Principle 7: Safety** Control **Town Planning Comment** Good design optimises safety and The proposal is considered to be satisfactory in terms of future security within the development and the residential occupants overlooking communal spaces while public domain. It provides for quality maintaining internal privacy. Public and private spaces are public and private spaces that are clearly defined and suitable safety measures are integrated clearly defined and fit for the intended into the development. purpose. Opportunities to maximise The proposal provides suitable casual surveillance of the passive surveillance of public and public domain. communal areas promote safety. A positive relationship between public and private spaces is achieved through clearly defined secure access points and well lit and visible areas that are easily maintained and appropriate to the location and purpose. **Principle 8: Housing Diversity and Social Interaction** Control **Town Planning Comment** Good design achieves a mix of The proposal consists of a mix of dwellings which are apartment sizes, providing housing responsive to anticipated market and demographic demands. choice for different demographics, living The proposal provides additional housing choice which is in needs and household budgets. close proximity to public transport and is located within the Well-designed apartment developments Blacktown CBD. respond to social context by providing housing and facilities to suit the existing and future social mix. Good design involves practical and flexible features, including different types of communal spaces for a broad



Principle 9: Aesthetics			
Control	Town Planning Comment		
Good design achieves a built form that has good proportions and a balanced composition of elements, reflecting the internal layout and structure. Good	The proposed development is considered to be appropriate in terms of the composition of building elements, textures, materials, finishes and colours and reflect the use, internal design and structure of the resultant buildings.		
design uses a variety of materials, colours and textures.  The visual appearance of a well-	This distinct and contemporary design assists quality standard for the transitioning character and creates a desirable streetscape.		
designed apartment development responds to the existing or future local context, particularly desirable elements and repetitions of the streetscape.	and ordated a document of recitodape.		
ADG Requirement	Proposal	Compliance	
Siting the Development			
3A Site Analysis Satisfy the site analysis guidelines-App 1.	Site Analysis submitted, however does not take into consideration existing fragmentation of land or existing approved development in the locality.	Yes	
3B Orientation			
Where an adjoining property does not currently receive 2 hours of sunlight in midwinter, solar access should not be further reduced by more than 20%.	The adjoining properties currently receive adequate solar access. The proposal will overshadow the adjoining properties, however, they will still receive the required solar access.	Yes	
4 hours of solar access should be retained to solar collectors on neighbouring buildings.	N/A Adjoining properties do not contain solar collectors	N/A	
3C Public Domain Interface			
Ground level courtyards to have direct access, if appropriate.	N/A No ground level units.	Yes	
Ground level courtyards to be above street level for visual privacy.	N/A No ground level units.		
Balconies and windows to overlook the public domain.	Balconies and windows provide casual surveillance of the public domain.		
Front fences to be visually permeable with max 1m height, and limited length.	N/A No front fences proposed.		
Entries to be legible.	Residential entry is appropriately located.		
Raised terraces to be softened by landscaping.	Raised areas are suitably landscaped.		
Mail boxes to be located in lobbies, perpendicular to the street or within the front fence.	Mailboxes are perpendicular to the street frontage.		
Basement car park vents not to be visually prominent. Substations, pump rooms, garbage	Satisfactory.		



ADG Requirement	Proposal	Compliance
storage rooms and other service rooms should be located in the basement car parks or out of view.	Substation integrated into design. Service rooms adequately located.	
Ramping for accessibility to be minimised.	Ramping is suitable.	
Durable, graffiti resistant and easily cleanable materials should be used.	Suitable and durable materials are proposed.	
On sloping sites, protrusion of car parking should be minimised.	Car parking is suitably designed to be within building footprint.	
3D Communal and Public Open	Stage 1 site area: 3,110 sqm	Yes
<u>Space</u>	Stage 2 site area: 982.6 sqm	
COS >25% of the site.	Required 25% stage 1 = 778 sqm	
Direct sunlight to >50% of COS for 2 hours between 9 am and 3 pm.	Required 25% stage 2 = 246 sqm	
Minimum dimension of 3m.	Stage 1 provided: 2406 sqm (77%)	
Direct and equitable access.	Stage 2 provided: 246 sqm (25%)	
If COS cannot be located on Ground	Minimum dimension of 3 m.	
Level, provide on the podium or roof.	Direct and accessible COS is achieved.	
If it COS can't be achieved, provide on rooftop of a common room, provide	COS embellished with seating, terraces and covered outdoor areas.	
larger balconies, or demonstrate proximity to public open space and	The COS is clear of services.	
facilities.	The COS demonstrates a safe design.	
Range of activities (e.g. seating, BBQ, play area, gym or common room).	N/A	
Visual impacts minimised from ventilation, substations and detention tanks.		
Maximise safety.		
Public Open Space, where provided, is to be well connected and adjacent to street.		
3E Deep Soil Zones	Nil deep soil zone provided, however design	Yes as the
Minimum area = 7% of site area.	guidance allows for location within the central business district and building typology as a	ADG permits no deep soil
Preferred area = 15%.	shop top housing development to not meet	zones in a
If the site is between 650 to 1,500 sqm then minimum dimensions of 3 m.	deep soil zone design criteria.	CBD context and planter boxes are
If over 1,500 sqm then min dimensions of 6 m.		provided throughout the development.



ADG Requirement			Proposal	Compliance
2F Building Separation				
Separation distances from buildings to the side and rear boundaries are as follows:			Development is 18 stories in height and provides for a 6 m building separation setback to property boundaries. This is	No – Building separation discussed in
Building height			consistent with similar development within the Blacktown CBD.	report.
Up to 12 m (4 storeys)	6 m	3 m		
Up to 25m (5- 8 storeys)	9 m	4.5 m		
Over 25 m (9+ storeys)	12 m	6 m		
Increased sep when adjacen permits lower	t to a different		N/A	
Direct lines of for windows a corners	•		N/A - Adjoining development of a similar scale has not occurred.	
No separation walls	is required be	etween blank	N/A	
3G Pedestria	n Access and	d Entries		
Connect to and activate the public domain.			Pedestrian access is direct to the street frontage and easily identifiable.	Yes
Easy to identify access.				
Internal pedes	strian links to b	oe direct.		
3H Vehicle Access				
Access points are safe and create quality streetscapes.		create	Car parking and driveway location is suitable.	Yes
3J Bicycle and Car Parking		<u>g</u>	The site is within 400 m from Blacktown	Yes
Sites within 80 comply with G		•	Railway Station. The proposal is for:	
Developments		, Generating	Stage 1	
			227 units (50 x 1 bed, 162 x 2 bed and 15 x	
			3bed).	
			Stage 2	
			59 units (57 x 2 bed and 2 x 3bed).	
>20 units			Stage 1	Yes
Metropolitan Regional Centres (CBD):		res (CBD):	20	
0.4 spaces per 1 bedroom unit.		unit.	114   18	
0.7 spaces per 2 bedroom unit.		ınit.	33	
1.2 spaces pe	1.2 spaces per 3 bedroom unit.		Total required 185 spaces	
1 space per 7 units (visitor parking)		oarking)	Provided 333 spaces (242 residents and 91 visitors)	



ADG Requirement	Proposal	Compliance
	Stage 2	Yes
	- 40 3 9	
	Total required 52 spaces	
	Provided 73 spaces (61 residents and 12 visitors)	
At least 1 loading dock.	1 loading dock is provided.	Yes
Conveniently located and sufficient numbers of bicycle and motorbike spaces.	Visitor and resident bicycle parking is provided.	
Designing the Building		
4A Solar and Daylight Access		
Living rooms and POS receive minimum	Stage 1 – 158/227 units (70%)	Yes
2 hours direct sunlight between 9 am – 3 pm in mid-winter > 70% of units.	Stage 2 – 48/59 units (81%)	
Maximum number with no sunlight	Stage 1 – 16 units (7%)	
access < 15%.	Stage 2 - 2 units (4%)	
Suitable design features for operable shading to allow adjustment and choice.	Louvres are provided which allow for management of solar access.	
4B Naturally Ventilation		
All habitable rooms naturally ventilated.	All habitable rooms are ventilated.	Yes
Number of naturally cross ventilated units > 60%.	Stage 1 – 82% of units are cross ventilated (187/227 units).	
Depth of cross over apartments < 18 m.	Stage 2 – 100% (59/59 units)	
The area of unobstructed window openings should be equal to at least 5% of the floor area served.	N/A The window areas are satisfactory.	
4C Ceiling Heights		
2.7 m for habitable	Satisfactory	Yes
2.4 m for non-habitable		
Service bulkheads are not to intrude into habitable spaces.		
4D Apartment Size and Layout		Yes
Studio > 35 sqm	-	
1 bed > 50 sqm	51 - 64 sqm	
2 bed > 70 sqm	71 - 87 sqm	
3 bed > 90 sqm	96 - 109 sqm	
+ 5 sqm for each unit with more than 1 bathroom.	Where second bathrooms are provided unit size exceed the minimum size by 5 sqm.	



ADG Requirement	Proposal	Compliance
Habitable Room Depths:		
Limited to 2.5 m x Ceiling Height (6.75 m with 2.7 m ceiling heights)	Satisfactory room depths.	
Open plan layouts that include a living, dining room and kitchen – maximum 8 m to a window.	Open plan layouts are provided. Kitchens are less than 8m to a window.	
Bedroom sizes (excluding wardrobe space): Master – 10 sqm Other – 9 sqm Minimum dimensions – 3 m	Master bedrooms meet the minimum bedroom sizes excluding wardrobe space.	
Living rooms/dining areas have a minimum width of: 3.6 m - Studio/1 bedroom 4 m - 2 bedroom / 3 bedroom	Minimum living/dining room areas are achieved.	
Cross-over/cross-through: 4 m wide	N/A	
4E Private Open Space and Balconies		Yes
Studio > 4 sqm 1 bed > 8 sqm and 2 m depth 2 bed > 10 sqm and 2 m depth 3 bed > 12 sqm and 2.4 m depth	- 10 sqm 10 sqm 23 sqm	
Ground level/ podium apartments > 15 sqm and 3 m depth	Min 22 sqm and 3 m – Complies	
Extension of the living space.	POS is an extension of the living space	
A/C units should be located on roofs, in basements, or fully integrated into the building design.	A/C units located on balconies	
4F Common Circulation and Spaces		
Maximum number of apartments off a circulation core on a single level – 8-12.	Yes – 8 units per level	Yes
Buildings over 10 storeys - maximum of 40 units sharing a single lift. Daylight and natural ventilation to all common circulation areas above ground level.	No – however for this scale of development, the common circulation areas provide an efficient layout which does not compromise amenity.	
Corridors greater than 12 m from the lift core to be articulated by more foyers, or wider areas / higher ceiling heights at apartment entry doors.	Corridors lengths exceed 12 m, however, windows and seating areas provided.	
Maximise dual aspect apartments and cross over apartments.	Dual aspect apartments are provided.	



ADG Requirement	Proposal	Compliance
Primary living room and bedroom windows are not to open directly onto common circulation spaces.	Windows do not open onto COS areas.	
Direct and legible access.	Achieved.	
Tight corners and spaces to be avoided.	Achieved.	
Well lit at night.	Achieved.	
For larger development – community rooms for owners meetings of resident use should be provided.	N/A	
4G Storage Studio > 4 m <sup>3</sup> 1 bed > 6 m <sup>3</sup> 2 bed > 8 m <sup>3</sup> 3 bed > 10 m <sup>3</sup> Min 50% within the apartment.	Minimum storage areas provided, with a minimum 50% provided in apartment. Storage spaces also provided within basement.	Yes
4H Acoustic Privacy		Yes
Window and door openings orientated away from noise sources.	Achieved.	
Noise sources from garage doors, driveways, services, COS and circulation areas to be 3 m from bedrooms.	Achieved.	
Separate noisy and quiet spaces.	Achieved.	
Provide double / acoustic glazing, acoustic seals, materials with low noise penetration.	Suitable acoustic measures to be installed.	
4J Noise and Pollution		
In noisy or hostile environments, the impacts of external noise and pollution are to be minimised through the careful siting and layout of buildings.	The layout of the development considers potential noise and pollution impacts, and is satisfactory.	Yes
To mitigate noise transmission:		
Limit the number and size of openings facing the noise sources.		
Use double or acoustic glazing, acoustic louvres or enclosed balconies (winter gardens).		
Use materials with mass and/or sound insulation (e.g. solid balcony balustrades, external screens or soffits).		



Proposal	Compliance
Stage 1	Yes
227 units (50 x 1 bed, 162 x 2 bed and 15 x 3 bed).	
Stage 2	
59 units (57 x 2 bed and 2 x 3 bed A suitable and responsive apartment mix is provided.	
N/A No ground floor apartments proposed.	N/A
The front façade is architecturally treated to create visual interest and contributes to the desired future character of this area.	Yes
Plant and equipment catered for on ground floor.	
The roof is designed to be recessive and not visible from the public domain.	Yes
The site area is 4,092.6 sqm. No deep soil zones provided.	Acceptable as site is within the CBD context.
	227 units (50 x 1 bed, 162 x 2 bed and 15 x 3 bed).  Stage 2  59 units (57 x 2 bed and 2 x 3 bed A suitable and responsive apartment mix is provided.  N/A No ground floor apartments proposed.  The front façade is architecturally treated to create visual interest and contributes to the desired future character of this area.  Plant and equipment catered for on ground floor.  The roof is designed to be recessive and not visible from the public domain.



ADG Requirement	Proposal	Compliance
4P Planting on Structures		
Refer to Table 5 for minimum soil standards.	Planting is provided within the setbacks, some of which is above the basement structures. The proposal comprises suitable	Yes
Provide suitable plant selection.	plant selection which is considered to enhance the quality and amenity of the COS.	
Provide suitable irrigation and drainage systems and maintenance. Enhance the quality and amenity of COS with green walls, green roof and planter boxes, etc.	ormanico uno quanty una umornity or uno ecc.	
4Q Universal Design		
10% adaptable housing.	Stage 1 - 22 adaptable units are provided (9.7%).	Yes
Flexible design solutions to accommodate the changing needs of occupants.	Stage 2 – 6 adaptable units are provided (10.7%).	
occupants.	The layout of the units comprises flexible design solutions.	
4R Adaptive Reuse		
New additions to existing buildings are contemporary and complementary and enhance an area's identity and sense of place.	N/A	N/A
4S Mixed Use		
Provide active street frontages and encourage pedestrian movement.	Active street frontages provided by ground floor commercial.	Yes
Residential entries separate and clearly defined.	Residential entry separate from commercial entries.	
Landscaped COS to be at podium or roof level.	Landscaping provided on podium and roof.	
4T Awnings and Signage		
Awnings to be continuous and complement the existing street character.	Condition of consent to be imposed in accordance with Council's Civil and Open Space requirements.	Yes
Provide protection from sun and rain, wrapped around the secondary frontage.		
Gutters and down pipes to be integrated and concealed.		
Lighting under awnings is to be provided.		
Signage is to be integrated and in scale with the building.		
Legible and discrete way finding is to be provided.		



ADG Requirement	Proposal	Compliance
Performance		
4U Energy Efficiency		
The development is to incorporate passive solar design.	The development allows for the optimisation / management of heat storage in winter and heat transfer is summer.	Yes
Heating and cooling infrastructure are to be centrally located (e.g. basement).	No details of services, however plant rooms provided within basement and on roof.	
4V Water Management and Conservation		
Rainwater collection and reuse.	None proposed.	Yes
Drought tolerant plants.	Suitable plants are proposed.	However, no rainwater re-
WSUD measures.	WSUD measures are proposed.	use.
Detention tanks should be located under paved areas, driveways or in basement car parks.	Detention tanks located within the western side setbacks, and are suitably placed given the existing site conditions and levels. These are clear of the COS areas. Satisfactory.	
4W Waste Management		
Waste storage should be discreetly located away from the front of the development or in the basement.	Waste storage located within basement.	Yes
Waste cupboard within each dwelling.	Each dwelling has sufficient storage.	
Waste and recycling rooms are to be in convenient and accessible locations related to each vertical core.	Waste chutes are centrally located on each floor.	
4X Building Maintenance		
The design is to provide protection from weathering.	The proposal demonstrates ease of maintenance.	Yes
Enable ease of maintenance.		
The materials are to reduce ongoing maintenance costs.		

# 6 State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

A BASIX Certificate has been lodged as part of the DA, as well as a NatHERS (Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme) assessor certificate. The BASIX Certificate indicates that the development has been designed to achieve the required water, thermal comfort and energy scores. A suitable condition will be imposed requiring compliance with the submitted BASIX Certificate.



#### 7 Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015

The Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015 (BLEP 2015) applies to the site. The table below provides a summary assessment of the development standards established within the BLEP 2015 and the proposal's compliance with these standards. The development complies with the development standards contained within BLEP 2015.

Dev	elopment Standard	Proposal	Compliance
Zoning B4 Mixed Use		Mixed use – ground floor retail, first floor serviced apartments and 16 storey residential	Yes
<b>Max</b> 56 n	cimum Height of Buildings	Stage 1 – 60 m Stage 2 – 59 m	No – see Clause 4.6 variation
<b>Max</b> 6.5:	imum Floor Space Ratio 1	6.5:1 (Stage 1) 6.48:1 (Stage 2)	Yes
4.6	Exception to development standards	Written statement submitted and considered in main report.	Variation request discussed in main report. The variation is considered acceptable on its merits.
7.4	Active street frontages  This clause applies to land identified as 'Active street frontage' on the Active Street Frontages Map.  Development consent must not be granted to the erection of a building, or a change of use of a building, on land to which this clause applies unless the consent authority is satisfied that the	Site is not identified as requiring an 'Active street frontage'.	N/A
	building will have an active street frontage after its erection or change of use.		
7.5	Consent Authority is to be satisfied that essential services are available or adequate arrangements have been made.	The site is within the existing CBD, therefore services available. Relevant servicing conditions will be imposed.	Yes
7.7	Development consent must not be granted to development involving the erection of a new building or external alterations to an existing building on any land unless the consent authority is satisfied that the development exhibited design excellence.	The building has been architecturally designed and generally consistent with the Apartment Design Guide (ADG).	Yes



Development Standard	Proposal	Compliance
7.12 Development in Zone B4	Retail proposed on ground floor and first floor of podium.	Yes
Development consent must not be granted to the erection of a building, or to the change of use of a building on land in zone B4 Mixed Use unless the consent authority is satisfied that the ground floor and first floor of the building will be used for a purpose other than residential accommodation.	·	

Some specific clauses are detailed below.

#### a. Clause 2.3 Zone objectives and land use table

The consent authority must have regard to the objectives for development in a zone when determining a development application in respect of land within the zone.

The subject site is zoned B4 Mixed Use under BLEP 2015. Retail premises, business premises, commercial premises, serviced apartments and shop top housing are permissible within the zone with consent.

#### b. Clause 4.6 Exceptions to development standards

Consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless:

The consent authority is satisfied that the applicant has made a written request that has adequately addressed the matters required to demonstrate that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard. The consent authority must also be satisfied that the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the particular zone.

The applicant is seeking an exemption under Clause 4.6 to the height development control. A copy of the applicant's Clause 4.6 variation request is provided at **Attachment 7**, while an assessment against the development standards is discussed in detail in Section 8 of the main report.

#### 8 Draft West Central District Plan

Whilst the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 does not require consideration of District Plans in the assessment of development applications, an assessment of the Draft West Central District Plan has been undertaken. Outlined below is where the development application is consistent with the overarching priorities outlined in the Draft West Central District Plan:

#### **Productivity**

- Driving the growth of the Central City
- Delivering job targets in strategic and district centres
- Growing West Central District's economy with smart jobs



Improving access to a greater number of jobs and centres within 30 minutes

### Liveability

- Improving housing choice
- Improving housing diversity and affordability
- Creating great places.

# 9 Blacktown Development Control Plan 2015

Blacktown DCP 2015 applies to the site. The table below outlines the proposal's compliance with the controls established in the DCP.

Development Standard	Proposal	Compliant
Minimum Site Width		
30 m	53.64 m (Prince Street) 74.985 m (Second Avenue)	Yes
Building Quality		
Design of Buildings is to have regard to SEPP 65.	The development complies with the design quality principles established by SEPP 65.	Yes
New development should provide visual interest through architectural design elements, including material selection, finishes and colour should complement and enhance existing streetscapes.		
Minimum Setbacks:		
Front Zero setback to the front boundary for ground floor (GF) and the 1 - 2 levels above (i.e. podium). Levels above the podium should be setback in order to create a comfortable street scale, reduce building bulk and provide greater solar access. Courtyards and balconies may encroach into the setback area to provide articulation.	Stage 1 3 levels of podium. Zero setback to Prince Street and Second Ave. Stage 2 3 level podium. Zero setback to Second Ave.	No – discussed in main report.
Rear and Side Zero setback to side and rear boundaries permitted for ground floor and the 1 - 2 levels above. Minimum 6 m side and rear setback, balcony encroachment permissible.	Stage 1 6 m side setback (east) 12.5 m rear (north) Stage 2 Zero side (west) 6 m side (east) 12 m rear (north)	



Development Standard	Proposal	Compliant
Minimum Common Open Space Provision  A minimum rate of 42% of the sum of the following:  40 sqm 1 bedroom unit 50 sqm 2 bedroom unit 70 sqm 3 bedroom unit	Stage 1 50 x 1 bed - 200 sqm 162 x 2 bed - 8,100 sqm 15 x 3 bed - 1,050 sqm Requires - 3,927 sqm (42% of 9,350 sqm) 2,406 sqm proposed on roof terrace and above podium. (61% of required).	No – however, compliant with ADG and considered acceptable.
No more than 30% of the above-ground open space (balconies or terrace areas) may be included in total.	Stage 2 0 x 1 bed - 0 sqm 57 x 2 bed - 2,850 sqm 2 x 3 bed - 140 sqm Requires - 1,255.8 sqm (42% of 2,990 sqm) 246 sqm proposed on roof terrace. (20% of required).	
Private Open Space		
Each unit is to be provided with a private balcony/courtyard or terrace area with minimum dimensions of 3 m x 2.5 m.	All private balconies/courtyards meet the minimum dimensions requirements, and are a minimum 10 sqm.	Yes
Natural Cross Ventilation and Solar Access		
Development will be required to comply with the provisions of SEPP 65 and the Residential Flat Design Code concerning cross ventilation and solar access.	75% of units meet the solar access requirements. 70% of units are naturally ventilated.	Yes
Lifts		
All development will be required to be service by stretcher-sized lifts.	All lifts achieve minimum dimensions.	Yes
Parking Provision		
1 vehicle space/dwelling 1 additional space per 3 bedroom dwelling 1 visitor space / 2.5 dwellings 1 vehicle space/ 30 sqm GFA for commercial component	ADG requirements for residential. 242 resident and 91 residential visitor for Stage 1 and 61 resident and 12 residential visitor spaces provided for Stage 2.	Yes – Consistent with Blacktown Parking Management Plan 2014.
	Commercial requirements:	
	Stage 1 426 sqm – 15 required and provided 22 apartments – 22 spaces provided	
	Stage 2 1,105 sqm – 37 spaces required, 38 spaces provided	



Development Standard	Proposal	Compliant
Waste Management		
Commercial tenants must be a dedicate area/room for the storage of waste. Residential component requires a minimum 110 L per unit (collected weekly) for garbage and 90 L per unit (collected fortnightly) for recycling.	On-site waste collection proposed through private contractor.	Yes